



Foreword

By the end of 2020, China will have put in place the most complex highspeed railway network with the most advanced technology in the world. The Chinese high-speed railways can boast several firsts:

· The Harbin-Dalian line is the world's first high-speed alpine railway.

- The Beijing-Shanghai line, the world's longest high-speed rail line ever built in one phase, provides the fastest service in the world.
- The Beijing-Guangzhou line is the world's longest high-speed rail line.

China has witnessed a radical change in passenger rail transportation from conventional "green trains" running at just 70 kilometres per hour (km/h) to Fuxing trains at 160-350 km/h. The new lines traverse valleys, rivers and desert, ushering the country into a new age of high-speed rail tourism.

We have selected 4 routes tailored to the Southeast Asian market: the Hefei-Fuzhou High-speed Railway, known as the most beautiful route in China; the Lanzhou-Xinjiang High-speed Railway stretching from the vast Gobi Desert to the prairies; the Shanghai-Kunming High-speed Railway, enjoying the scenery of Shanghai, Zhejiang, Jiangxi, Hunan, Guizhou, and Yunnan; the Xiamen-Shenzhen High-speed Railway, connecting Fujian and Guangdong for a unique tour of southern China. Whether it's a major metropolis or a small country town, you can easily reach everywhere in China by high-speed rail, enjoying the natural beauty, local customs and delicious cuisine.

As China's domestic high-speed rail network is being completed, it's also expanding internationally across Asia. Southeast Asia tourists will not only be able to fly to Beijing, Shanghai or Guangzhou and then continue their trip by high-speed rail, but soon they can travel seamlessly by rail from their home countries.

Since the opening of the Guangzhou-Shenzhen Railway in 1994, in merely 26 years, Chinese has built its high-speed rail system from the ground up, leading the world in its pace of development.

Whether you're backpacking or traveling in a tour group, we invite you to experience high-speed rail travel and enjoy the most beautiful scenery and delicious food across China!

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China High-speed Railway Network

By 2030, China intends to complete its "Eight Vertical and Eight Horizontal" high-speed rail network, which is currently 70 percent finished. And by 2035, China's rail network is expected to expand to 200,000 kimometres, including 70,000 kimometres of high-speed rail connecting cities with populations over 500,000. The system will form a network that will make it possible to travel in one hour from urban centres to suburbs, and three hours between neighbouring provincial capitals.



Beijing-Kunming

passageway

Eight Vertical

Lanzhou (Xining)–Guangzhou passageway

Beijing-Kunming passageway

Baotou (Yinchuan)-Hainan passageway

Beijing-Harbin, Beijing-Hong Kong (Macau) passageway

Coastal passageway

Beijing-Shanghai passageway

Beijing-Hong Kong (Taipei) passageway

Hohhot-Nanning passageway

Eight Horizontal

--- Eurasia Continental Bridge passageway

---- Beijing-Lanzhou passageway

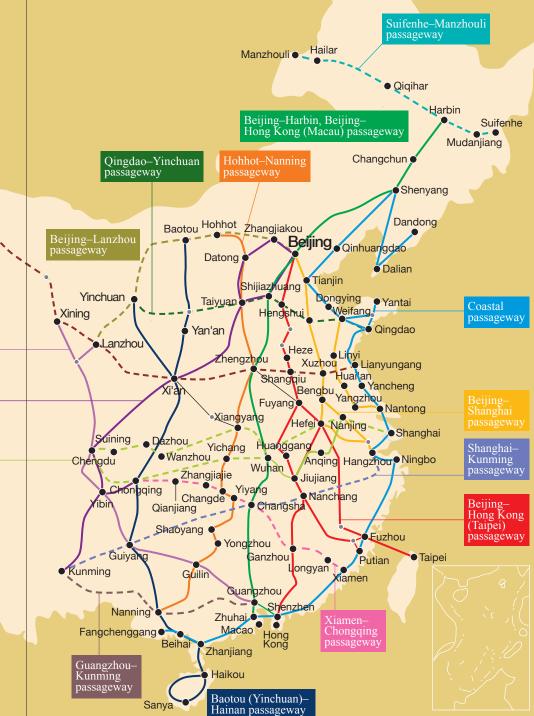
---- Yangtze River passageway

--- Xiamen-Chongqing passageway

Shanghai–Kunming passagewayGuangzhou–Kunming passageway

- - - Qingdao-Yinchuan passageway

--- Suifenhe-Manzhouli passageway





What is China Railway High-speed?

China Railway
High-speed
(CRH) is
owned and operated by
China Railway (CR), a
state-owned enterprise
under the control of the
Ministry of Finance. Early
high-speed trains were
imported or built using
foreign technology and
referred to as Hexie Hao
(Harmony) trains.



© 王铭伟

What is the difference between China Railway High-speed (CRH) and Electric Multiple Unit (EMU)?

The CRH and EMU are two different concepts, in fact the two types of trains operate in multiple units. The difference is in level and model: CRH1, CRH2 (except CRH2C), CRH5 these three models designed to operate at 200 km/h, the maximum operating speed can reach 250 km/h. The CRH2C, CRH3 and CRH380 models are designed to run at about 350 km/h with a maximum operating speed of 380 km/h.

How to differentiate between CRH and EMU?

In general, trains with speeds exceeding 300 km/h are collectively called high-speed rails and trains with speeds below 300 km/h are collectively referred to as multi-unit trains. The models used for high-speed rail are CRH2C, CRH3 and CRH380, and the models used for multi-unit trains are CRH1, CRH2, CRH3 and CRH5, which are usually marked on the side of the body.

As for the number of trains, high-speed trains usually start with the word "G", while multi-unit trains usually start with the word "D", and trains that start with the word "C" are high-speed and intercity rail. All these trains are over 200 km/h.





© 余晴峰

What is China Railway High-speed's logo?



The CRH logo suggests the dynamic of a high-speed train running on a curved track. The first letter "C" is depicted as a roaring lion. The abstract image of a locomotive represents the railway industry, while the five lines at the rear of the train suggest speed and continuous technological development.

What are the characteristics of China Railway High-speed?

A

- 1. China's high-speed rail lines run on schedule with minimal delay, and they have an excellent safety record.
- 2. You may buy tickets for any destination and travel at any time.
- Tickets are sold through various channels: by telephone, on the Internet, from self-service ticketing machines or at ticket windows at every station.
- 4. Most high-speed rail stations are located far from city centres.
- 5. The trains are fast and comfortable, with very little vibration or noise.

What's the progress of China's High-speed Railway project?

The high-speed network currently connects 30 provinces and all regions except Tibet. To date, China's "Eight Vertical and Eight Horizontal" network has completed four vertical and four horizontal "passageways", connecting many large and medium cities within one to four hours and serving a total population of over 50 million. The system is expected to be completed by 2030.



© 陈 5



©12306 网站截图

How to buy high-speed rail tickets

1. China Railway Official Website

- The official China Railway website for booking tickets is www.12306.cn. A China ID card is required for citizens of the PRC when booking, and only one ticket per train on the same day is allowed for each ID, except for adults also purchasing tickets for their children.
- After reserving a ticket on the website, payment must be made or the reservation will be cancelled. Payment may be made using a card from a bank account in China or with Alipay. Foreign credit cards are currently not accepted.
- If you reserve a ticket from the website using identification other than a Chinese ID card - a passport, for example - please pick up your physical ticket before departure. To do this, go to any ticket window or authorized sales agent, and present the ID used to order your ticket along with the order number. Your ID will be verified before the ticket is issued.

• Ticket purchases or cancellations must be made on the website, at least 25 minutes prior to the scheduled departure time. Otherwise, you must visit the train station ticket window. To change the destination station,

please apply at least 48 hours before departure time. The website is in operation from 6am to 11:30pm.

2. High-speed Railway Station Ticket Office

There is a ticket office in every high-speed railway station, open from 6:30am until 11pm. Foreign tourists must show official identification to buy a ticket. For example, a Malaysian buyer would show his Malaysia passport, and pay in cash or with a China Union bank card. Train number, departure time, and other relevant information are available from an inquiry machine in the ticket office. Tickets may be purchased up to 60 days in advance through all ticket channels in China.



3. Tielu 12306 App

You can also use the free 12306 China Railway app to see timetables and purchase or cancel tickets for all trains in China. Up to five tickets for the same train can be purchased with one ID card. The Android version can be downloaded from www.12306.cn and the iOS version from the Apple Store. Payment is accepted from credit cards issued by PRC banks or from Alipay.



China Railway Official Website



Tielu 12306 WeChat



Tielu 12306 qqA



Railway Timetable



Fare Inquiry





1550000



© 铁路 12306 APP 截图

Ticket

China Railway requires all purchasers to use their true names and to present a passport or similar identification. Tickets are printed with the passenger's name and ID number. Personal information is required whether purchasing on the Internet or on ticket machine. Two types of tickets are sold:

- Blue tickets are given at ticket windows or self-serve ticketing machines, enabling passengers to use an automatic ticket scanner to enter the station.
- Red tickets are sold by ticket agencies; these passengers are required to use the manual entrance lane.
- After purchasing ticket online, you can pick up the ticket from a ticket office after receiving a text message with your seat number.



Entrance and Exit Gates

At the gate, inspectors will check your ticket and identification before

you are allowed access. All baggage, including backpacks and handbags will be inspected by the security X-ray machine, and you will be scanned by a metal detector. After entering the station, locate the ticket gate for your train number and wait to check-in.







Ride

When hearing an announcement of your train's arrival, follow arrows on the ground to the appropriate check-in gate according to the colour of tickets.



Waiting Platform

© 麦翔云

At the train platform, please stand behind the yellow safety line, as there may be other trains arriving at the station before yours. Find your correct waiting point according to the coach signboards positioned every few meters.

Note: High-speed rail trains are very punctual and are very seldom more than one or two minutes late.



Boarding

After the green light on the train gate comes on, push the button to open the door automatically, or wait 30 seconds for the door to open automatically.

Beijing Capital International Airport (PEK) > Beijingnan Railway Station

After arriving in China at Beijing Capital Airport, you can tour Beijing first to discover the political, economic, and cultural centre of China, before traveling along the rail towards Tianjin, Qingdao, and other coastal cities in the North.

Transportation from PEK to Beijingnan Railway Station:

- Airport Express train to Dongzhimen Station Metro Line 2 to Xuanwumen Station — Metro Line 4 to the railway station
- Airport shuttle bus Line 2 directly from the airport





O Axel Drainville

Shanghai Pudong International Airport (PV6) >> Shanghai Honggiao Railway Station

Pudong International Airport serves most international flights, while Honggiao International Airport is mainly for domestic flights. Tourists flying from Southeast Asian capitals to Shanghai can visit Ningbo, Nanjing, or other cities along the maritime Silk Road by high-speed rail.

Transportation from PVG to Hongqiao Railway Station:

- Metro Line 2
- Maglev line to Longyan Road — Metro Line 2 to the railway station
- Airport Bus Line 1





Charles Wiriawan Chris Beckett

Transportation from Shanghai Hongqiao International Airport to Hongqiao Railway Station:

• Metro Line 2 or 10

Xiamen Gaoqi International Airport (XMN) > Xiamenbei Railway Station

Gaogi International Airport has flights to 17 international destinations, including Hong Kong, Macau, Tokyo, Singapore, and Kuala Lumpur. From Xiamenbei Railway Station, tourists can travel to Fuzhou, Quanzhou, Chaoshan, and other port cities.

Transportation from XMN to Xiamenbei Railway Station:

- Airport North Express bus
- Metro Line 1





Guangzhou Baiyun International Airport (CAN) > Guangzhounan Railway Station

Guangzhou Baiyun International Airport boasts more than 100 international routes with 581 international flights every week, forming a "four-hour air traffic circle" with major cities in Southeast Asia and a twelve-hour traffic circle with cities outside the region.

Transportation from CAN to Guangzhounan Railway Station:

- · Direct airport bus
- Metro Line 3——Jiahewanggang Station——Metro Line 2 to the railway station

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Cabin

Trains are divided into first-class and second-class coach sections.

First-class coaches have 2 seats on each side of a centre aisle. while secondclass has 2 seats on one side and 3 on the other.



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Seats are designated by a row number plus a seat letter. Seats A and F are by window, C and D are on



© 麦翔云

the aisle, and Seat B is in the middle of the three-seat row.











Trains are equipped with free electrical sockets for phone chargers, laptops or other devices.



© 赵帅溥

◎ 赵帅逋



Each coach provides drinking water hot enough to prepare instant noodles.



© 李明元 © 刘莉生



In addition to mobile food and beverage carts, the dining coach also sells snacks and light meals. Some rail lines also serve box meals for sale.

Mineral water-15RMB/bottle

Fast meal-15RMB, 45RMB, 50RMB/set



Both Western and Asian squat toilets are provided.

© 程惠敏











Luggage Rack

Seat space is greater than on ordinary trains, so baggage can often be stored under seats for convenience. Overhead luggage racks are also available.



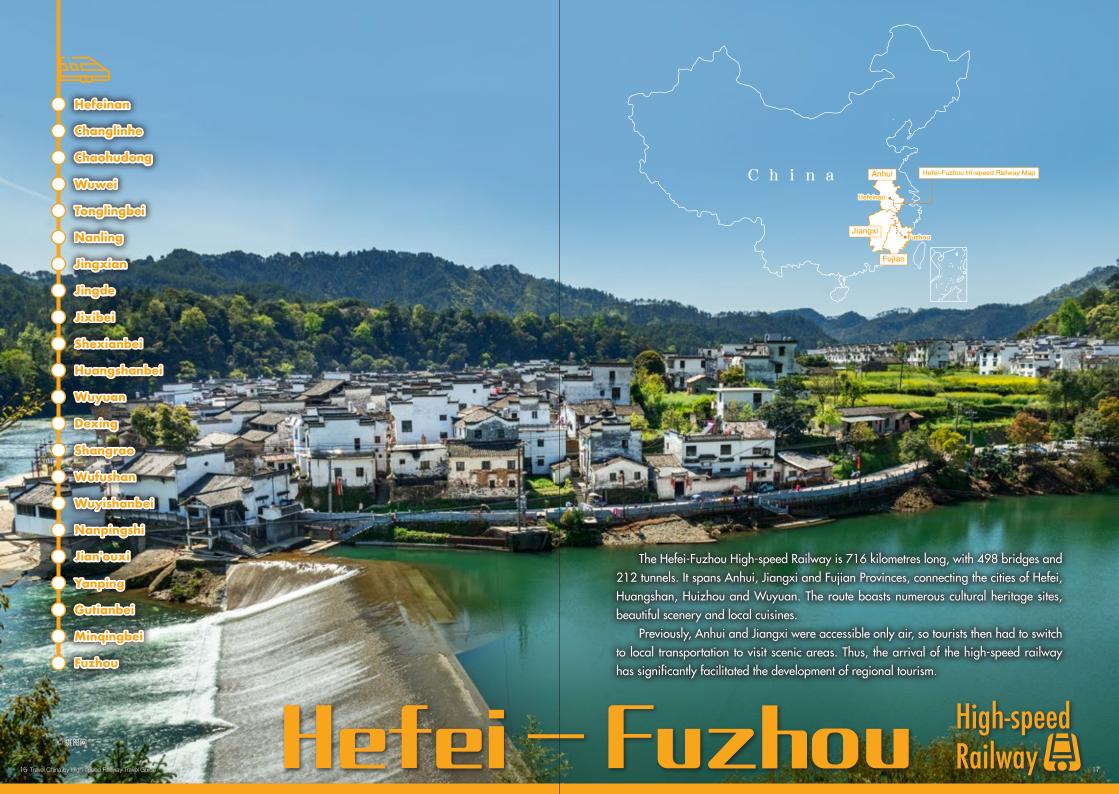
© 赵帅溥

Hexie Hao (Harmony) trains CRH2C diagrammatic

Precaution

- F Ticket check-in stops five minutes before departure time.
- Smoking is prohibited anywhere on all train routes.
- & Adults are permitted 20kg and children 10kg of carryon baggage for free. Combined external dimensions (length, width, and height) of each bag must be less than 160cm on regular trains, or 130cm on CRH trains. Rodshaped objects must be less than 200cm. Any baggage that exceeds these limits must be checked. Passengers are responsible for their own luggage.
- Frohibited items in carry-on or checked baggage include any objects that are flammable, explosive, corrosive, or radioactive. Knives or other weapons are not allowed in carry-on baggage.

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Railway Station

About city is Hefei many famous figures, including Bao Zheng and Li Hongzhang. <u>s</u> famous in Chinese the capital and economic centre

history and culture

as

the birthplace

of Anhui Provinces.

Sanhe Ancient Town

- ◇◆ Sanhe Ancient Town boasts a history of over 2,500 years and is notable for its beautiful water landscape. Strolling along the old bluestone-paved streets, you can enjoy the distinctive Huizhou-style architecture with its white walls, gray roofs and red pillars.
- O Sanhe Town, Fuguang Road, Feixi County, Hefei
- (§) Free entry (internal attractions are charged separately)
- www.shgzlyjq.com





Hefei

Baogong Park

◆ Baogong Park, situated along the bank of the Bao River, is the home to the ancestral shrine and the tomb of the famous historical figure Bao Zheng. The site is officially rated as a AAAA tourist attraction, and it is very popular among Chinese tourists who want to understand more about Bao's life.

- 27 Wuhu Road, Baohe District, Hefei
- (\$) The park is free entry
- ⑩ WeChat "合肥包公园"

Former Residence of Li Hongzhang

- ♦ Former Residence of Li Hongzhang (Minister of War and Politics during the late Qing Dynasty) is an excellent example of residential buildings during that period. With its unique architectural style and culture features, the house is listed as one of Hefei's top ten attraction and is a popular local tourist destination.
- 208 Huaihe Road, Luyang District, Hefei
- (\$) 20RMB
- www.lihongzhang.org.cn



© 李鸿章故居官网

Huiyuan Garden =

- ♦ Huiyuan Garden may be the ideal destination for the tourist on a tight schedule who wants to sample Huizhou culture. The eastern section of the park is designed in the style of a royal garden, while the western area provides a Hui-style landscape, showcasing the representative cultures of the province's 17 cities.
- Hefei Economic and Technological Development Zone, Shushan District, Hefei
- (\$) 20RMB
- ⑩ WeChat "徽园景区"

Hefei Sunac Land

- ♦ Hefei Sunac Land covers an expanse of 400,000 square meters. It offers not only exciting modern entertainment and rides, but also a sampling of Hui culture and local cuisine.
- O Luzhou Avenue, Binhu New District, Hefei
- (\$) 248RMB (peak period), 198RMB (off-peak)
- hefeipark.sunacctg.com

© 合肥融创乐园官网

Anhui Museum

- ◆ Anhui Museum, comprising a courtyard and two halls designed in the Su and Hui architectural styles, was built more than 60 years ago. Here you can learn more about notable cultural artifacts of ancient Huizhou, including the special Hui rice paper and ink.
- 268 Huaining Road, Hefei (old museum) 87 Huaining Road, Hefei (new museum)
- Free entry
- www.ahm.cn





Huangsha Station O

About

Hefeinan > Huangshanbei > Wuyuan > Shangrao 1 hour 21 minutes and above | 140RMB and above | About 306.4 km

Tunxi Old Street

At the foot of Mount Huangshan Attractions

Tunxi Old Street dates back to the Song Dynasty. The one-kilometre road is lined on both sides with well-preserved carved buildings in Hui style from the Ming and Qing Dynasties, now home to antique, calligraphy, painting and gift shops, along with Hui style restaurants.

O Tunxi Old Street, Huangshan

\$ Free entry

Xidi Village

Xidi Village was built during the Northern Song Dynasty and contains nearly 200 wellpreserved houses. The exquisite mansions, many of which are open to the public, are well-known for their beautiful carvings.

- O Xidi Village, Xidi Town, Yi County, Huangshan
- (\$) 104RMB
- www.chinaxidi.com.cn



◎ 西递村官网

Hongcun Village

Hongcun Village is known as the "Village in the Chinese Painting" and was the location for the film "Crouching Tiger, Hidden Dragon". With a history of more than 800 years, the local water system includes two reservoirs that serve as "cow stomachs" for water conservation and fire protection.



Huangshan Scenic Area

◆ At the Huangshan Scenic Area, you can watch clouds flowing around you like a surging tide. The area offers hundreds of scenic spots, divided into five zones:

West Sea

West Sea offers the most fantastic views, with strange rock formations such as "Flying Stone", "Fairy Tan Boots", "Fairy Embroidery" and "Wu Song Fighting Tiger".

© 摄图网

North Sea is located in the centre of Mount Huangshan. Its best-known spots include Lion Peak, Shixin Peak, Refreshing Platform and "Monkey Viewing the Sea", popular for sunrise viewing.

Front Sea and East Sea

Front Sea and East Sea are home to the Jade Screen Area with Heavenly Capital Peak or Front Mountain, and the Cloud Valley Area. Both serving as the entrance to the entire area.

Huangshan Scenic Huangshan. Huangshan is: considered Area is designated as one of China's ou, was named after nearby Moto be the centre of Hui culture.

heritage

Huangling Village

Huangling is an ancient village in Huizhou with nearly 600 years of history. Here is where the tradition of drying grains in the autumn sun originated. It is also a wonderful spot to enjoy spring scenery. An aerial cable car allows you to you view the terraced fields and sea of flowers below. The local streets are filled with welcoming local stores and Hui style foods.

O Huangling Village, Jiangwan Town, Wuyuan County, Shangrao

- \$ 145RMB (include ticket and 2 ways cable car)
- www.wyhl.cc





Likeng Village

Likeng is a small village on the bank of the Xihe River, known for its spectacular view of golden rapeseed flowers blooming in springtime. The river banks are lined with Hui architecture featuring gray walls and white tiles. A path leads to the top of the hill for a panoramic view of the town.

- O Likeng Village, Qiukou Town, Wuyuan County, Shangrao
- (\$) 60RMB, 210RMB (include 12 attractions)

Jiangling Scenic Area

→ Jiangling in Wuyuan Province is a well-known shooting location, because the rapeseed flowers have a longer a flowering season due to the high altitude. Seen from above, the terraced fields are blanketed with golden flowers.

Jiangling Scenic Area, Wuyuan County, Shangrao 60RMB, 210RMB (include 12 attractions)

Shicheng =

◆ Shicheng is another popular shooting location in Wuyuan, especially for autumn scenery. White smoke from chimneys, morning mist and peach blossom are also popular shots.

© 婺源石城旅游景区

Wuyuan, which in Chinese sounds the same as "the source of fog", looks like a fairyland when the fog spreads across the village.

- Qinghua Town, Wuyuan County, Shangrao
- (include 12 attractions)





© 婺源石城旅游景区

Jiangwan Scenic Area _____

- Jiangwan is China's only national AAAAA tourist attraction in Wuyuan province. Tourists can observe the techniques of traditional craftsmen at the workshops and canteens.
- O Jiangwan Town, Wuyuan County, Shangrao
- (\$) 60RMB, 210RMB (include 12 attractions)

Sixiyan Villages

Sixiyan is a collective name given to two villages. Yan is close to the entrance of this scenic spot, while Sixi is about 2 kilometres away and can be reached on foot or by electric vehicle.

- Sikou Town, Wuyuan County, Shangrao
- (\$) 60RMB, 210RMB (include 12 attractions)









© 江上清风 1961



Shangrao

Railway Station

About

惠飲莊住 大笔工作

for its vicinity to Poyang Lake, the largest freshwater lake in China. Yushan County and Mount Gui in Yiyang County, the city is also known Province. Other than the two world heritage sites, Mount Sanqing in

Mount Sanging

◆ At an altitude of 1,820 meters, Mount Sanging is known as one of China's most famous Taoist mountains and Jiangxi first World Natural Heritage Site. This scenic area is in the form of the number eight, with Sanqing Fudi in one loop on the western coast and Nanging Park in the eastern loop.

- Sanqing Village, Yushan County, Shangrao
- (\$) 245RMB
- sqs.sqs.gov.cn



Gigantic Pithon Rising in the Mountain

"Gigantic Pithon Rising in the Mountain" is a giant granite pillar formed by weather and gravity erosion. The pillar with several transverse cracks on its surface still stands after millions of years, resembling a python coming out from a crack in the mountain.

The West Seashore Scenic Area

The West Seashore Scenic Area has an average altitude of 1,600 metres. Tourists can reach scenic areas directly by heading west from the south cable car, arriving at an elevated station airway and crossing a bridge to visit Longevity Garden Scenic Spot and Nanging Park.



Mount Longhu

◆ Mount Longhu was listed as a World Natural Heritage Site in 2010. It's the birthplace of the Zhengyi School of Taoism founded by Zhang Daoling, an alchemist during the Eastern Han Dynasty (25 – 220 CE).

- 1 Southwest Longhushan Avenue, Yingtan City (Mount Longhu Scenic Area)
- (\$) 230RMB (include ticket, sightseeing car and bamboo raft)
- www.longhushan.com.cn



Zhengyi Temple

Zhengyi Temple at the foot of Mount Longhu is blessed with a very unique "feng shui", facing west with the river at the front and the mountain on the back. Legend has it that this is where Zhang Daoling refined alchemy.

The Mount Longhu Skywalk

The Mount Longhu Skywalk is 3,180 metres long and can be walked in about one hour. Its relatively flat design and gentle slope make it suitable for children and the elderly.







商 角峰它図图

Mount Guifeng ____

- Mount Guifeng was listed as a World Natural Heritage Site in 2010. You can visit the site in 2 or 3 hours, or plan a one-day trip by taking the sightseeing bus to the pier, and then a ferry to visit the Camel Peak and Bajie Peak on the opposite side.
- 22 Yanggiao Road, Yijiang Town, Yiyang County, Shangrao
- \$\) 160RMB (include ticket, sightseeing car, ferry and insurance)
- www.guifengly.com

Poyang Lake =

Poyang Lake is the largest freshwater lake in China and a recommended summer tourist site. Nanjishan Natural Reserve is the best location to photograph flocks of birds migrating annually in the late autumn. Hanpokou Scenic Resort on the Mount Lushan is a favourite location to enjoy panoramic views of Poyang Lake.





© Gisling

Donglin Monastery

Donglin Monastery is the birthplace of Chinese Pure Land Buddhism because it is not involved in any commercial activities, admission and incense are free. There are no charges for services such as fortune-telling etc, as is commonly seen in other temples.

- Donglin Temple Jingtuyuan, Aikou Village, Wenquan Town, Xingzi County, Jiujiang (Donglin Giant Buddha)
- \$ Free entre
- www.donglin.org

ties, for in

Mount Lushan

With its cool and refreshing climate, Mount Lushan is a popular summer resort in South China. In the 1930s, Chiang Kai-shek and several foreign politicians built villas on the mountain. Mount Lushan serves as the "refrigerator" next to the "Three Furnaces" of Chongqing, Wuhan and Nanjing.

- 36 kilometers south of Lushan City, Jiujiang (Nearby Jiujiang Xingzi)
- (\$) 160RMB
- www.china-lushan.com

Yaoli Village

Tourist attractions in Yaoli are scattered, so it's recommended to stay in local hotels and tour the area by chartered car. The area has several waterfalls and primordial forests. The Meiling Scenic Area boasts an ancestral hall, a thousand-year-old camphor tree and the Huirao ancient path paved with blue flagstones.

- Yaoli Town, Fuliang County, Jingdezhen
- (\$) 20RMB (Wanghu), 20RMB (Raonan village)
- ♡ WeChat "琛里旅游"

Wuyuan > Shangrao > Wuyishanbei > Nanpingshi 22 minutes and above | 53RMB and above | About 81.1 km

Dahongpao Tea Scenic Area 💳

There are only a small number of original tea bushes exist in the Dahongpao Tea Scenic Area, producing just 400-500 grams of tea annually. When U.S. President Richard Nixon visited China, Chairman Mao Zedong presented him a

gift of 200 grams of the precious tea. It is said that when Nixon complained privately that it was such a small amount, Prime Minister Zhou Enlai joked that "The Chairman had given out half of the nation".



- (3) 100RMB (include scenic area, show ticket and tour car)
- www.wyschina.com



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apports 52



Jiuqu River

◆ The best way to tour Jiuqu River and appreciate the mountain landscape is by bamboo raft. A small tip to the oarsman will encourage him to share local anecdotes.

Wuyi Mountain Scenic Area, Nanping

- \$ 320RMB (include scenic area and bamboo raft ticket)
- www.wyschina.com

Tianyou Peak

Tianyou Peak is among the best viewing platforms, especially for watching the sea of clouds after a rainstorm. The mountains looming between the clouds is a fairyland, and if you are lucky you might see the "Buddha's light".

Wuyi Mountain Scenic Area, Nanping

- (\$) 320RMB (include scenic area and bamboo raft ticket)
- www.wyschina.com



Tiger Roaring Rock _____

Tiger Roaring is a large rock that produces a loud "roaring" sound, due to the wind blowing through a large hole. The name derives from an ancient legend that a tiger rode by a god once roared on the rock.

- Wuyi Mountain Scenic Area, Nanping
- \$ 320RMB (include scenic area and bamboo raft ticket)
- www.wyschina.com

Impression Dahongpao

- Impression Dahongpao is an internationally renowned night show by Zhang Yimou, a famous Chinese director that uses Mount Wuyi as a backdrop. The work focuses on the beautiful landscape around Mount Wuyi, its tea culture and local legends.
- China Wuyi Tea Expo Garden, Dawangfeng Road, Wuyishan City, Nanping
- (\$) 238RMB and above
- WeChat "印象大红袍"



◆ The ancient houses of Xiamei, with their tile, stone and wood carving, are part of Wuyishan World Cultural Heritage Site. Also featured are the old streets, docks and markets along the riverbanks.

O Xiamei Village, Wuyishan City, Nanping

(\$) 55RMB

[™] WeChat "武夷山旅游"



♠ m m +n +



Lake

12 minutes and above | 16RMB and above | About 35 km

Jiufeng Mountain

→ Jiufeng Mountain has long been known as a gathering place for writers, poets and scholars to share ideas since the Tang Dynasty. The nine mountain peaks are raised from 135 to 386 meters. The Monument of Revolutionary Martyrs of Mount Jiufeng is recommended for its panoramic view of Nanping City.

- Ruicheng, Yanping District, Nanping
- Free entry





Yupingshan Park —

✓ Yupingshan Park is located at the confluence of two streams. During the Northern Song Dynasty, Wu Yi, Wu Xi and other hermits wrote and recited poems here, and pioneered civil education by establishing the Cangchunxia Academy.

- 3 Minjiang Road, Yanping District, Nanping
- Free entry

Mangdangshan Scenic Spot

◆ Mangdangshan is one of China's best-preserved ancient foot paths. After several renovation works the 3,800 steps to the top have been increased to 5,500 steps.

- Mangdang Town, Yanping District, Nanping

Jianzhou Bridge _____

◆ The 449-metre-long Jianzhou Bridge is outlined in lights after sunset. The best viewing spot is at the Yuantong monastery on Jiufeng Mountain.

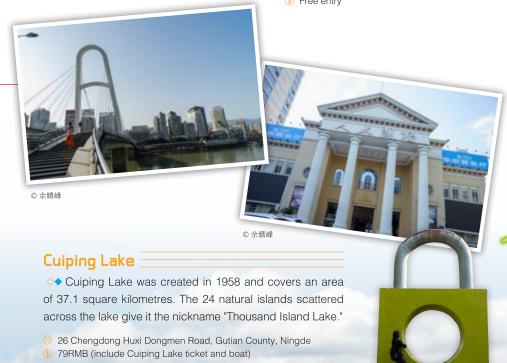
Yanping District, Nanping

(\$) Free entry

Drum Tower ---

◆ Drum Tower was built in 943 CE, above bustling Renmin Road. On the opposite side of a pedestrian bridge is the perfect spot to photograph the reflection of lights of cars passing the tower.

- O Intersection of Riverside and Renmin Road in Jian'ou City, Nanping
- Free entry









Railway Station

gateway of the Maritime

Fuzhou has been an imp

port and

32 Travel China by High-speed Railway

Shangrao > Wuyishanbei > Nanpingshi > Fuzhou 58 minutes and above | 103RMB and above | About 226.3 km

Three Lanes and Seven Alleys

♦ Three Lanes and Seven Alleys is the name given to an area of ancient buildings along Nanhou Street in Fuzhou that date from the Ming and Qing dynasties. The independent "Useless Space" bookstore in Wenru Lane is a trendy spot for leisure and entertainment among local youth.

- Nanhou Street, Dongjiekou, Gulou District, Fuzhou
- www.fzsfqx.com.cn

The Former Residence of Lin Juemin and Bing Xin

The former residence of Lin Juemin and Bing Xin was originally inhabited by seven Lin families. After Lin Juemin died in the 1927 Guangzhou Uprising, the family was forced to relocate to avoid being involved. They sold the house to Xie Luan'en, grandfather of famous Chinese author and poet Bing Xin.

- 17 Yanggiao East Road, Gulou District, Fuzhou (the junction of Yanggiao Road and Nanhou Street)
- (\$) Free entry











© 牛奶海

© 余晴峰

Ermei Library

Ermei Library in Fuzhou is representative of residential buildings during the Ming and Qing dynasties It's one of the best-known ancient Fuzhou libraries, now known as the Folklore Museum of Fujian.

- Taxiang Alley, Dongjiekou, Gulou District, Fuzhou
- (\$) Free entry

The Little Yellow Tower

The Little Yellow Tower is the site of imperial edict boards issued by Qing emperors Yongzheng, Qianlong and others. There's also a plaque inscribed by Empress Dowager Cixi, plus hundreds of plaques by Qianlong scholar Liu Yong.

- 36 Huangxiang Alley, Dongjiekou, Gulou District, Fuzhou
- (\$) 20RMB

The Former Residence of Yan Fu

Yan Fu was a well-known educator. translator and philosopher in China, most famous for introducing Western ideas to China. Born in Fuzhou, he returned home in the last year of his life.

- 20 Langguan Alley, Gulou District, Fuzhou
- (\$) 15RMB

Lin Zexu Memorial Hall —

- ♦ Lin Zexu Memorial Hall was built in 1905 near Three Lanes and Seven Alleys. Designed in Jiangnan Garden style, it's designated as a Provincial Cultural Heritage Protection Unit.
- 16 Aomen Road, Gulou District, Fuzhou
- Free entry
- © WeChat "福州市林则徐纪念馆"





Minjiang River ===

- ◆ Minjiang River flows to the sea in Fujian Province. You can enjoy a boat tour on the beautiful river to experience the unique nighttime waterscape and a splendid light show on the shore.
- River section in Taijiang District, Fuzhou
- (\$) 100RMB



- ◆ A popular spot among local youth for years, Shaoyuan No.1 Cultural and Creative Park is especially lively after 8pm, thanks to its stylish coffee shops, cafes and bars.
- 1 Baishao Garden, Gulou District, Fuzhou
- (\$) Free entry
- 唸 WeChat "芍园壹号"





Fudao Skywalk =

> Fudao is the first all-steel skywalk in China. The 19-kilometer long structure was awarded the 2017 International Prize for Architecture. Its pedestrianfriendly wide design allows two adults and a wheelchair to pass each other.

- O Liangcuo Road, Gulou District, Fuzhou (Entrance of Fudao No. 5)
- Free entry



Wulong River Wetland Park =

◇ Wulong River Wetland Park covers an area of about 243 hectares. It includes an ecological restoration and reconstruction area, a scientific biodiversity popularisation area, and two bird observation centres.



Free entry



Baiyanxuan Shoushan Stonecarving Gallery ———

♦ Shoushan stone carving in part of Fuzhou's cultural heritage. A representative masterpiece is the Manchu Han Imperial Feast of Shoushan stone collected by the Baiyanxuan Shoushan Stonecarving Gallery with 143 finely carved dishes on dozens of Shoushan stones.

30 Nanhou Street, Gulou District, Fuzhou

\$\square\$ Free entry



Fuzhou Christian Church of Flower Alley

◆ The old Fuzhou Christian Church of Flower Alley is a traditional Roman-style stone building while the pink granite gravel on the wall of the new six-story church provides a romantic hue.

- 7 Flower Alley, Bayigi Road, Gulou District, Fuzhou
- (\$) Free entry
- 呤 WeChat "福州花巷基督教堂"









Lanzhouxi Railway Stati

tation

About Lanzhou

Lanzhou has a history of over 2,000 years. Once an important Silk Road stopover station during the Sui, Tang and Song Dynasties, Lanzhou is now Gansu Province's capital city and centre for politics, culture, economy, science and education.

Zhongshan Bridge

◇ Zhongshan Bridge (Lanzhou Yellow River Iron Bridge) is

known as the first bridge to ever span the Yellow River, and it has played a crucial role in developing trade across the banks.

 North side of Beibinhe Middle Road, Chengguan District, Lanzhou (under Baitashan)

(\$) Free entry





Yellow River Mother Sculpture

◆ Yellow River Mother is a stone sculpture of a mother holding a baby tightly in her arms, symbolizing how the river nourishes China and its people.

- Nanbinhe Middle Road, Qilihe District, Lanzhou (north side of Xiaoxihu Park)
- \$\ Free entry

Baitashan Park

Across the Lanzhou Yellow River Bridge is the Baitashan Park, located on Baitashan Park in the north of Lanzhou. From the top of the park, you can view the entire urban landscape of Lanzhou City and the Yellow River.

- 1 Baitashan, Beibinhe Middle Road, Chengguan District, Lanzhou
- \$\square\$ Free entry

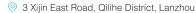






Gansu Provincial Museum

◆ Gansu Provincial Museum contains painted pottery, bronze, jade, gold and silverware discovered during 50 years of archaeological activities, showing the Silk Road civilization from the Bronze Age through the Song and Yuan Dynasties.



- \$ Free entry
- ⑩ WeChat "甘肃省博物馆"

Wuquan Mountain 💳

◇ Wuquan Mountain, situated in the south of Lanzhou City, is named after five springs on the mountain. Several Buddhist temples have been built there, blessed with green grass and bubbling springs.

- 103 Wuquan South Road, Chengguan District, Lanzhou
- \$ Free entry

Xiguan Mosque

→ Hui Muslims are the largest among Lanzhou's 33 ethnic minorities, and Xiguan Mosque is designated as one of the top ten outstanding buildings in the province. It features milk-white outer walls with blue and green patterns.

- 1 Cuiyingmen, Chengguan District, Lanzhou
- \$ Free entry



Station





◎ 吴秉益

Qinghai Tibetan **Culture Museum**

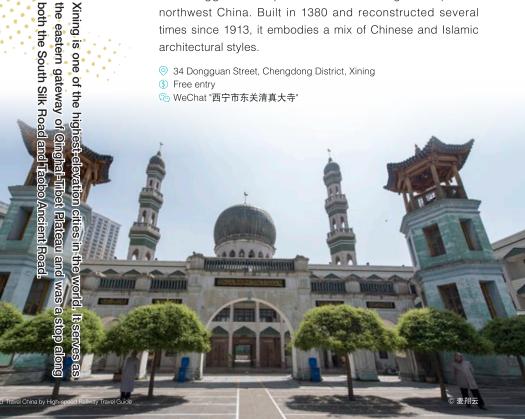
◆ At the Qinghai Tibetan Cultural Museum, built to preserve and develop traditional Tibetan medicine, tourists can learn about the region's medical history, including surgical instruments used by traditional Tibetan doctors. There are also exhibits covering Silk Road and Qinghai-Tibet Plateau culture.

- 36 Jing'er Road, Chengbei District, Xining
- \$ Free entry (north building), 60RMB (south building)
- www.tbtmm.com



Dongguan Mosque

- ◆ Dongguan Mosque is one of four large mosques in northwest China. Built in 1380 and reconstructed several times since 1913, it embodies a mix of Chinese and Islamic architectural styles.
- 34 Dongguan Street, Chengdong District, Xining
- (\$) Free entry





Qinghai Province Museum —

- ◆ Although smaller than some other local museums, Qinghai Provincial Museum has a collection of 14,932 pieces that has much to offer tourists who are interested in local history and religion culture.
- 58 Xiguan Street, Chengxi District, Xining
- \$ Free entry
- www.ghmuseum.cn

Nanchan Temple

- ◆ Nanchan (or Nanshan) Temple is designed in traditional Chinese architectural style, with Guandi Temple at the centre, surrounded by Daxiong Hall, Thousand Buddha Hall and other halls.
- 93 Nanshan Road, Chengzhong District, Xining
- \$ Free entry

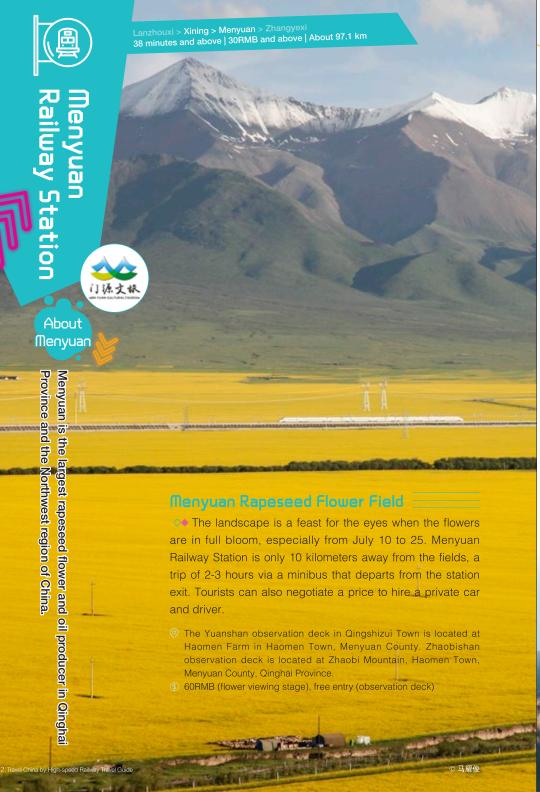




Ta'er Temple

◆ Kumbum Monastery, also called Ta'er Temple, is a large 400-yearold complex of prayer hall, pagodas, college and other buildings. The sculptures made of yak butter and the murals are representative of regional Buddhism culture and art.







→ Huahai Yuanyang is a confluence of 108 natural springs where an abundance of wildflowers bloom amid mountain peaks, grasslands and lakes, like an eight-petal lotus surrounded by mountains. With the snowy Gangshiqia Peak in the background, the lake resembles a mirror inlaid into the land.



(\$) 80RMB



Gangshiqia Peak is a sacred mountain of Tibetan Buddhism. It's crowned by snow year-round, providing a stark contrast with the lush green grassland and forest, and the herds of cattle and sheep at the base, with an amazing sunset view. No bus service is available to the peak due to its distance from the railway station, so tourists should hire a car.



\$ Free entry



Xianmi National Forest Park

◆ Xianmi National Forest Park covers an area of 148,000 hectares, making it the largest forested area in Qinghai Province. You can enjoy the luxuriant foliage in early summer, the golden world of autumn and a white snow kingdom in winter.

S20 Gangqing Highway, Menyuan Hui Autonomous County (Nearby Xiangkate Bridge)

\$ Free entry



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About

Zhangye

Zhangye once

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44 Travel China by High-speed Railway Travel Guide

the area is famous

Xining > Menyuan > Zhangyexi > Jiayuguannan 1 hour 15 minutes and above | 61.5RMB and above | About 198 km



Xilai Monastery _____

- Xilaisi Alley, Ganzhou District, Zhangye
- (\$) Free entry

Zhangye Danxia Geopark

Zhangye Danxia Geopark is ranked as one of the top seven most beautiful Danxia landforms and top ten geographical wonders of the world. The area is a mix of cliffs, stone peak forests and the Wu Cai Cheng Science Area.



- 5 74RMB (include tour car, valid for 48 hours)
- ⑩ WeChat "张掖七彩丹霞旅游景区"



Dafo Temple

Dafo Temple is one of China's protected Cultural Heritage Sites. Its reclining Buddhist Nirvana statue dates back more than 900 years. The building architecture is a mixture of Han and Western Xia styles.

64 Dafosi Alley, Minzhu South Street, Ganzhou District, Zhangye

\$\square\$ Free entry

Shanxi Assembly Hall

Shanxi Assembly Hall was an exchange centre for Shanxi merchants during the Qing Dynasty. It is centred in a large archway and is divided into front and back courtyards. With its exquisite wood carvings, stone inscriptions and simple painted clay sculptures, it remains one of very few well-preserved examples of Qing-era guild hall architecture.

183 South Street, Ganzhou District, Zhangye

\$ 40RMB (include Dafo Temple & Shanxi Assembly Hall)

Muta Temple

♦ Muta Temple (literally, "wooden pagoda") dates from the Northern Zhou Dynasty. The ancient eight-sided pagoda is 32.8 meters high with nine stories. It is constructed entirely without nails using only wooden dowels. Visitors can climb to the top of tower for a panoramic view overlooking the Zhangye countryside.

O Center Square, Xianfu South Street, Ganzhou District, Zhangye

\$ 25RME

の柯炳钟

Gulou

◆ Gulou (Drum Tower and Bell Tower) is a famous city landmark. Originally built during the Ming Dynasty, in a style similar to the Xi'an Bell Tower, it was destroyed by war in 1648, and rebuilt twenty years later. The tower is generally not open to the public on weekdays.

17 West Street, Zhangye







Jiayuguannan Railway Station

Menyuan > Zhangyexi > Jiayuguannan > Liuyuannan 1 hour 12 minutes and above | 65.5RMB and above | About 213.1 km

Guancheng

- ◇ Guancheng is a strongly fortified city comprising an inner city, outer city and surrounding moat. Tourists can climb the town tower to get a panoramic view of Ghuancheng, and the Great Wall winding through the rugged terrain.
- Jiayuguan Great Wall Culture Tourism Scenic Area
- (§) Free entry (museum), 110RM (peak period), 90RMB (off-peak)
- 🧠 WeChat "嘉峪关关城景区开发经营有限公司"



Jiayuguan was a transport hub on the ancient Silk Road. You can still spot traces of the ancient roadway, built more than 2,000 years ago to promote economic and cultural exchange between China and the West.





© 麦翔云

Jiayuguan Great Wall Museum

Jiayuguan Great Wall Museum is China's first museum dedicated to The Great Wall. It employs state-of-the-art technology and interactive displays to show the construction, background and history of The Great Wall in different eras.





Xuanbi Great Wall

Xuanbi Great Wall runs north and south for about 750 meters, forming an arch that guards the Shiguanxia Wall south of the gateway to block the vital Shiguan Xiakou pass.

The First Fire Tower of The Great Wall

The First Fire Tower of The Great Wall west of Jiayuguan City is the western starting point of the ancient Great Wall. From a glass viewing platform and suspension bridge, tourists can enjoy a panoramic view of the Taolai River, a major water source for the area, and Qilian Mountain in the distance.





Liuyuannan Railway Statio

About Dunhuang

Dunhuang is famous for its nearby World Cultural Heritag Mogao Grotto, Yangguan Pass and Yumenguan Pass, Li Railway Station is the closest high-speed railway station.

Mingsha Mountain and Crescent Spring

→ Mingsha ("singing sands") Mountain was called

"Shajiao Mountain, Shensha Mountain" in ancient times. When the wind roars, Mingsha Mountain will make a huge sound. Visitors can ride a camel to explore the beautiful scenery, or climb along the sand hill to see the desert and discover the fun of sandboarding.

Crescent Spring is a small desert oasis surrounded by Mingsha

Mountain. It's known as one of Dunhuang's wonders because the lake never drys up, as it has never been covered by the sands.

- 5 km south of Dunhuang
- \$ 110RMB (peak period), 55RMB (off-peak)
- www.mssyyq.com



© 任中豪

Mogao Grottoes

Mogao Grottoes is one of four great Buddhist grottoes in China. It is world-renowned for the exquisite frescoes, sculptures and abundant cultural relics found within the sutra cave. To visit the site, reserve a ticket on the official website or with the official WeChat "Mogao Grottoes" account.

- Nearby 314 Provincial Highway, Dunhuang (Mogao Grottoes Digital Center)
- \$\(\) 50-238RMB & 258RMB (peak period), 40-140RMB & 160RMB (off-peak)
- www.mgk.org.cn





Yangguan =

- ◆ Yangguan was an important fortress during the Han dynasty for defending against invading nomads. The scenic area consists of Yangguan Fort ruins and a museum displaying ancient weapons and cultural relics.
- About 60 km west of Dunhuang
- (\$) 50RMB
- ⑩ WeChat "敦煌阳关景区"





Yumenguan

- ◆ As a strategic gateway of the Northern Silk Road for centuries, Yumenguan was witness to the rise and fall of several dynasties. The city walls blocking out the surrounding Gobi Desert are well preserved. The top of the city tower provides a good view of the desert.
- 80 km northwest of Dunhuang on the Gobi Desert
- \$) 40RMB
- ⑩ WeChat "世界文化遗产玉门关"

Dunhuang Yardang National Geopark

- Dunhuang Yardang National Geopark is also known as "Devil City." This scenic area, accessible to tourists only by a special sightseeing bus, features many stones eroded by the wind into unusual shapes, including The Sphinx and The Peacock.
- About 180 kilometers northwest of Dunhuang
- (\$) 120RMB (include ticket & tour car)
- www.dunhuangyadan.net.cn



◎ 任中豪



뗭

Jiayuguannan > Liuyuannan > Hami > Tulufanbei
1 hour 26 minutes and above | 80.5RMB and above | About 261.1 km

Hami Emperors Cemetery of Hui Nationality

◆ Hami Emperors Cemetery of Hui Nationality is the tomb of Hui kings and royal families during the Qing dynasty. Each of the three zones has a different architectural style and distinctive purpose.



© 曾宝琪

- 1 km southwest of Hami
- (\$) Free entry

Huiwang Palace

→ Huiwang Palace was the residence of many historical Hami Uyghur leaders. Tourists thrill at its massive layout with many scattered courtyards, as well as the priceless Tibetan paintings.



© 柯炳钟

- Huangcheng Road, Yizhou District, Hami
- (\$) 35RMB
- 🧓 WeChat "哈密王府景区"

Hami Museum -

→ Hami Museum resembles a palace. Its collection includes stoneware, bronze ware and various cultural relics and specimens dating from ancient societies through the Qing dynasty, including five well-known Wubao Village mummies.



- Along the cliffs of Wubao Devil City are many packedearth buildings dating back as far as 3,000 years ago. According to local legend, the buildings might have been a trading station along the ancient Silk Road or the southwest regional outpost during the Hami Dynasty.
- 20km south of Wupao Township, Yizhou District, Hami
- (\$) 50RMB (peak period), 25RMB (off- peak)



© 柯炳钟

Naomao Lake

- Naomao Lake is home to one of the world's last remaining desert poplar (populus euphratica) forests. The best time to visit is from mid-October to early November, especially around nightfall in order to appreciate the splendid sunset. A chartered car is the most convenient transportation option.
- 10 km east of Naomaohu Township, Yiwu County, Hami

Barkol Prairie

- Barkol Prairie is located in the Naomao Lake basin. Far away you can see stretches of mountains, as if standing in a big valley. Kazakhs, a Turkish ethnic group living on the prairie, host a grand event every July.
- Barkol Kazakh Autonomous County, Hami
- \$ Free entry





Tulufanbei Railway Statio

> About Turpan

Turpan can be very hot in the summer, due to its low elevation in a basin. Its most distinctive scenic area is the Flaming Mountains, made famous in the popular Chinese novel (and television adaptation) "Journey to the West."

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Turpan Museum

Highlights of the Turpan Museum include eleven ancient mummies, as well as a fossilized giant rhinoceros skeleton, said to be the most complete such skeleton in the world.



- 1268 Munal Road, Gaochang District, Turpan
- \$ Free entry
- ⑩ WeChat "吐鲁番博物馆"

Junwan Mansion

→ Junwan Mansion was long ago the residence of Turpan administrative governors. Its aristocratic, Islamic style is typical of its time.



(\$) 25RMB



© 麦翔云

Sugong Pagoda

Sugong Pagoda, known to locals as Emin Minaret or the Turpan Pagoda, is an Islamic building with subtle patterns on its facade. The complex, including an adjacent mosque, was built in 1778 CE. As the only pagoda in this style anywhere in China, it preserves an important part of Islamic national culture.

- Muna'er Village, Putao Township, Turpan
- (\$) 45RMB

Jiaohe

→ Jiaohe is the largest, oldest and best-preserved adobe city in the world. After repeated foreign invasions and wars, it lost its glory and was finally abandoned in the 14th Century. The adobe city is more than 1,600 meters long from north to south, Including temples, houses, government offices, etc.



\$\) 70RMB, 70RMB (tour car)





Gaochang Ruins

Gaochang Ruins is the largest ancient city site in Xinjiang. The Buddhist monk Xuanzang, also known as Tang Seng, preached here for a month on his pilgrage to the west. Gaochang Ruins is about 200 hectares in total area. The city gate and other building structures are still clearly visible. Archaeologists have repeatedly found historical artifacts in the cemetery of the site.

- Gaochang District, Turpan
- \$ 70RMB, 35RMB (tour car)

Kumtag Desert

Kumtag Desert offers a variety of activities for tourists, including camel rides, desert off-roading and sand skiing. On rainy days, you can see sand lakes forming in the desert.

- Shanshan County, Turpan
- (\$) 30RMB
- www.kmtgsm.com









Railway Stat

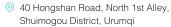
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About Urumqi

Urumqi is located in Northwest China and neighbours several (
Asian countries. It enjoys the reputation of "the heart of Asia."

Hongshan Park

◆ From the viewing platform atop Hongshan Park Tower, tourists get a magnificent view of the sunset and Urumqi night scene. The tower has a distinctive architecture.



(\$) Free entry



People's Park

- ◆ People's Park is an entertainment centre for locals, with Xinjiang girls singing and dancing to traditional music.
- 3 Youhao South Road, Saybag District, Urumqi
- \$\square\$ Free entry



© 王铭伟

Xinjiang International Grand Bazaar ===

- ◆ Xinjiang International Grand Bazaar is a large market with vendors, local food and entertainment all in one. The distinctive building includes an 80-meter sightseeing tower that displays Xinjiang-themed frescoes and photographs.
- 8 Jiefang South Road, Tianshan District, Urumqi
- (\$) 5RMB (sightseeing tower)





- Dabancheng Wind Power Station is the largest wind farm in China. The hundreds of wind turbines at Dabancheng Wind Power Station resemble steel warriors standing fast, providing a fascinating view of modern windmills.
- Dabancheng District, Urumqi (You can see it on when self-drive through G30 Lianhuo Expressway or China National Highway 312)
- \$ Free entry



© 谢光辉



Nanshan Scenic Area

- ♦ In the Nanshan Scenic Area, tourists can view snow peaks in the distance while walking on grassland. Note that prices for food, transportation and yurt accommodations in this area can vary, and staying warm is very important.
 - O Urumqi County, Urumqi
 - 45RMB (Xibaiyanggou)45RMB (Juhuatai Scenic Area)



Tianshan Tianchi Scenic Area

- Centred by a mountain lake, the Tianchi Scenic Area is centered around a lake in the Tianshan Mountains. It has been designated as a top-rated AAAAA tourist attraction, and serves as a nature preserve to promote harmony between humans and nature.
- 501 Zhunga'er Road, Fukang City, Changji Hui Autonomous Prefecture
- (\$) 215RMB (peak period), 105RMB (off-peak)
- www.xjtstc.com



© 吴歆宜







Shanghai Hongqia Railway Station

About hanghai 上海文旅

Shanghai has never lost its magic. The gleaming city with its unique history is filled with exciting restaurants and entertainment opportunities.

Huangpu River

- Shanghai is split into two zones by the Huangpu River which runs north to the Yangtze River. To the east is the famous Bund, with its century-old buildings, and the Pudong New Area on the west, its skyscrapers boasting of the prosperity of modern Shanghai.
- O Huangpu District, Shanghai
- \$ Free entry

Oriental Pearl Radio & Television Tower

Oriental Pearl Radio & Television Tower features 11 spheres of different sizes. It includes a revolving restaurant near the top, a virtual reality sky roller coaster and a fully-transparent cantilevered sightseeing gallery.



- o 1 Century Avenue, Lujiazui, Pudong New Area, Shanghai
- \$ 458RMB (buffet dinner, refer to Shanghai package)
- www.orientalpearltower.com

The Bund

In 1845, 830 acres of land west of The Bund (Waitan) were conceded to the British. This attracted many foreign banks and commercial enterprises, and the buildings they erected cam to define the essence of the area.



Fosun Art Gallery, in the centre of The Bund, aims to promote contemporary arts. Its architectural design is inspired by the traditional Chinese theater stage.

- 600 Zhongshan East 2nd Road, Huangpu District, Shanghai
- \$ Free entry
- www.fosunfoundation.com







The skyline of Pudong is defined by its many new highrises, including Shanghai Tower, Oriental Pearl Tower and the Shanghai World Financial Centre. Tourists can enjoy the unique urban beauty of Shanghai.



Shanghai Disneyland Park

- ◇ Shanghai Disneyland Park features "Voyage to the Crystal Grotto", the first ride to take riders inside a Disney castle, leading them behind the castle for a pleasant encounter with Disney Princesses including Chinese heroine Hua Mulan. Another feature attraction is "Zodiac Park", in which Disney characters play the roles of 12 animals in the Chinese zodiac, including Winnie-the-Pooh for the Year of the Tiger and "Mushu" for the Year of the Dragon.
- 9 310 Huangzhao Road, Chuansha Town, Pudong New Area, Shanghai
- (\$) 399RMB www.shanghaidisneyresort.com

Art Bourgeoisie District

♦ The Art Bourgeoisie District attracts many young artists and intellectuals with its creative atmosphere and distinctive stores.



1933 Laochangfang

1933 Laochangfang, originally a slaughterhouse, was designed by the famous British architect Balfours. Now it's a creative park for drama performance, fashion shows and other activities, as well as a popular gathering place for young people.

- 611, Liyang Road, Hongkou District, Shanghai
- Free entry
- www.1933shanghai.com



© 麦翔云



Tianzifang is an arts and crafts enclave popular with tourists. Originally a residential area in the French Concession, it was converted in the late 1990s. The old buildings are now boutiques, studios and cafes, while some original residents remain.

(\$) Free entry

O Lane 210, Taikang Road, Huangpu District, Shanghai

Sinan Mansions

Sinan Road, originally part of the French Concession, features western style villas amid tall pine trees. Sinan Mansions, a collection of 51 garden houses, is filled with boutique hotels, apartments, shops and bars.

- 523 Fuxing Middle Road, Huangpu District, Shanghai
- Free entry



Shanghai-Kunming Line 61



Railway Station Hangzhoudon io 詩畫浙江圖

About dangzho

an International Garden City because of its profound cultural Hangzhou is known as one of China's top ten ancient cities legacy. ranked as

West Lake

- ◆ West Lake represents the spirit of Hangzhou, with artificial causeways, bridges, gardens, pagodas and temples, all celebrated in countless poems and stories by Chinese writers.
- O A1 Longjing Road, Xihu District, Hangzhou
- \$ Free entry

Xiling Seal Engraver's Society

At Xiling Seal Engraver's Society, visitors can examine seals, calligraphy, painting, inscriptions, cliff carvings, sculptures and other artworks. In 2009, the club's "Art of Chinese Seal Cutting" was listed by UNESCO as an Intangible Cultural Heritage.

- 31 Gushan Road, Xihu District, Hangzhou
- \$ Free entry
- www.xlys.org.cn



Lingyin Temple, built in 326 CE, is the oldest Buddhist temple near West Lake. For over 1,600 years, it has been regarded as a spiritual refuge Hangzhou's faithful. According to legend, the famous monk Jigong stayed at this temple.









Xixi National Wetland Park —

◆ Xixi National Wetland Park covers an area of 11.5 square kilometres, featuring a crisscrossing network of waterways and beautiful views. A rowboat or electric boat is the best way to experience this unique area.

- 518, Tianmushan Road, Xihu District, Hangzhou
- \$ 80RME
- www.xixiwetland.com.cn

Archaeological Ruins of Liangzhu City \equiv

◆ Archaeological Ruins of Liangzhu City is a large-scale archaeological site. As the first Neolithic city discovered along the lower Yangtze River, it stands as a testament to 5,000 years of Chinese history.



Qiandao Lake

Qiandao Lake was formed in 1959 by the construction of the Xin'an hydroelectric power station, submerging several villages and changing hills into small islands. The ancient streets are lined with quaint tea houses and shops, taking tourists back to older days.

- 348 Menggu Road, Chun'an County, Hangzhou
- (\$) 130RMB (peak period), 110RMB (off-peak)
- www.giandaohu.cc





Nanxun Ancient Town

◆ Nanxun was an ancient town famous for silkworms. It is said that the imperial robes of Kangxi and Qianlong were woven from silk produced here. Its mix of Chinese and Western architecture made it an ideal film location for the "Chef Nic" food show in China.

- Nanxun District Huzhou
- (\$) 95RMB
- www.chinananxun.com





Nanchangxi Railway Station

About Nanchang

Nanchang City has a long history of more than 2,200 years, boasting famous historical sites such as Tengwang Pavilion.

Tengwang Pavilion

Tengwang Pavilion as the oldest of three famous pavilions in Southern China, it has been rebuilt 29 times since it was originally completed during the Tang dynasty, and is currently in the architectural style of the Song dynasty. From the top floor, tourists can enjoy a view of the Ganjiang River.

58 Fanggu Street, Donghu District, Nanchang

\$ 50RMB (peak period), 45RMB (off-peak)

www.cntwg.com





Badashanren Memorial Hall

The Badashanren Memorial Hall, built to commemorate the Ming dynasty painter (also known as Zhu Xi), was declared a National Cultural Heritage Protection Site in 2006. A gallery in the garden displays more than 100 of his paintings and calligraphy works, set amid bamboo groves and stone carvings.

259 Qingyunpu Road, Qingyunpu District, Nanchang
 Free entry

www.bdsrjng.cn



Sunac Cultural Tourism City

- → Jingdezhen in Jiangxi Province has long been known as the "thousand-year capital of porcelain." Sunac Cultural Tourism City is a large complex of cultural, tourism and commercial activities, including a theme park, cinema, business hall and resort hotels.
- South Longpan Street, Honggutan District, Nanchang
- (\$) 198RMB (Theme Park), 178RMB (Movie World), 158RMB (Water World)
- www.sunacctg.com



699 Cultural and Creative Industrial Park

- ◆ 699 Cultural and Creative Industrial Park has attracted many enterprises and artists as well as numerous coffee shops and specialty restaurants. The park hosts regular art lectures and activities every weekend.
- 699 Shanghai Road, Qingshanhu District, Nanchang
- Free entry
- www.699park.com



© 杨永智



Railway Station **b**uel eusi

About hangsha

into an entertainment capital popular with youth. several revolutionary political figures, the city has been transformed Changsha is a thousand-year-old city. Also known as the birthplace 9



Orange Isle Scenic Spot

◆ Orange Isle is an isle in Xiang River, Changsha, Hunan. On the bank of the Xiang River is a giant statue of Mao Zedong standing on Orange Isle (Juzizhou). During Mao Zedong's early years, he lived in Changsha. He and his friends He Shuheng, Xiao Zisheng, Cai Hesen, Xiao San and Xiang Jingyu would swim in the Xiang River. During New Year and Spring Festival and other important days, firework shows are staged there. Tourists can also take a river cruise to enjoy the beautiful night view.

- 2 Orange Isle, Yuelu District, Changsha
- \$\) Free entry



Mount Yuelu Scenic Spot

♦ Yuelu Mountain is considered one of China's best locations for viewing the best maple forests. It's also the home of Yuelu Academy, an ancient Chinese school that still operates as a campus of Hunan University.

- 58 Denggao Road, Yuelu District, Changsha
- (\$) Free entry, 50RMB (Yuelu Academy)
- www.hnyls.com



Pozi Street

◆ On Pozi Street stands the old Fire Palace, which was converted to a temple market and then a food court. Chinese opera performed on the stage in front of the temple is a popular entertainment option after a walking tour.

- 19 Yipu Street, Tianxin District, Changsha
- (\$) Free entry



Taiping Old Street —

for 200 years. Not only have the historical sites and time-honoured shops been preserved, but also the cultural atmosphere reflected in the stone archway and the old drama stage. The cultural and creative community is a gathering area of workshops, handicraft shops and galleries.

- Taiping Street, Tianxin District, Changsha
- Free entry



Hualongchi Bar Zone

◆ At Hualongchi Bar Zone, tourists can enjoy performances of both traditional folk songs and modern rock and pop music. In front of the bar are a variety of barbecued snack stalls.

- Hualongchi Alley, Renmin West Road, Furong District, Changsha
- (\$) Free entry (drinks are charged separately)





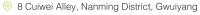
Railway Station T

About

The area is inhabited by several ethnic minority groups bedrock has created sinkholes, set amid typical karst landscape,

Jiaxiu Pavilion —

◆ Jiaxiu Pavilion is a magnificent three-storey building 20 metres high with three upturned eaves, carved windows, red lattices and a pointed roof. It contains many plagues, calligraphy drawings and stone inscriptions. Downstairs is the Floating Jade Bridge, which spans both banks of the river.



- \$\) Free entry
- www.gyjxl.com



Qianlingshan Park =

◆ Qianlingshan Park attracts tourists to see the free-ranging macagues in the temple and on the road down the hill. There's also a zoo halfway up the hill.



(\$) 5RMB





◆ Qingyan Ancient Town was built in 1378 CE. The city wall is built on the cliff from giant boulders, and there are four gates. The exquisite stone and wood carvings on the buildings are the main highlight for tourists.





Yelang Valley

◆ It is said that when artist Song Peilun returned to his hometown of Guizhou after a trip to the United States, he spent 20 years building his own utopia in the Yelang Valley, including castles, lakes and a sculpture park of freestanding towers.

- 122 County Road, Huaxi District, Guiyang
- (\$) 20RMB

Five-hundred-metre Aperture Spherical = Telescope (FAST)



- Hanglong Future International Astronomical Town, Pingtang County, Qiannan Buyi and Miao Autonomous Prefecture
- \$\ Free entry





© 图虫创意





Railway Station

Huangguoshu Waterfall

- ♦ Huangguoshu Waterfall is the largest waterfall in all of Asia. Six viewing platforms provide 360-degree views.
- O Huangguoshu Town, Guanling Buyei and Miao Autonomous County, Anshun
- (\$) 160RMB
- www.hgscn.com

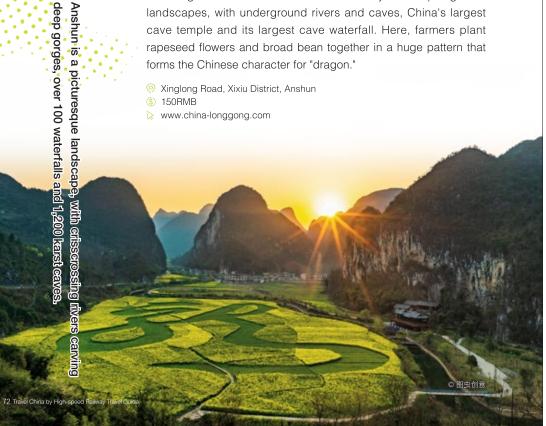




About

Dragon Palace Scenic Area

- ◆ Dragon Palace Scenic Area boasts many awe-inspiring karst landscapes, with underground rivers and caves, China's largest cave temple and its largest cave waterfall. Here, farmers plant rapeseed flowers and broad bean together in a huge pattern that forms the Chinese character for "dragon."
- O Xinglong Road, Xixiu District, Anshun
- (\$) 150RMB
- www.china-longgong.com



Getu River —

- ♦ The Getu River flows underground for 12 kilometres. There is a huge depression above on the top of the mountain that is said to be wide enough for a small plane to fly through.
- Shuitang Town, Ziyun Buyei and Miao Autonomous County, Anshun
- (\$) 60RMB



© 图虫创意

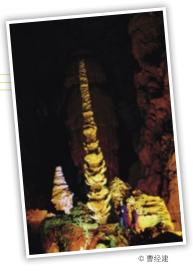


Tianlong Tunpu =

- ◆ Tianlong Tunpu (or Tunbao) is a historic town near Anshun in Guizhou Province. It has been the western gateway to Yunnan since the Yuan dynasty. Here, tourists can watch music performances by local women dressed in traditional costumes.
- O Tianlong Town, Pingba District, Anshun (\$) 35RMB

Zhijindong Cave

- ♦ Zhijindong Cave has a stretch of navigable road about 7 kilometres long. The route reveals more than 120 types of crystalline formations, including the 17-metre Silver Rain Tree flower-like transparent crystal that has accumulated over the past 150,000 years.
- Zhijin County, Bijie
- (\$) 110RMB (peak period); 100RMB (off-peak)
- www.gzzjd.com





Railway Station eubuimun>

Changshanan > Guiyangbei > Anshunxi > Kunmingnan 1 hour 36 minutes and above | 166RMB and above | About 337.2 km

About

unming

many gorgeous scenic especially interesting Kunming, the capital city of Yunnan Province, is

areas.

The local cultural traditions

blessed

with

Dian Lake

- → Dian Lake is the largest freshwater lake in Yunnan Province, and the sixth-largest lake in China. Tourists can enjoy a stroll along the lake, taking a boat tour, or in winter feeding the black-headed gulls that gather there.
- 1318 Dianchi Road, Xishan District, Kunming
- Free entry



Dongchuan Red Lands —

- ◆ Dongchuan Red Lands, south of Kunming, gets its name from the iron-rich soil that has been oxidized by the warm, moist climate and turned a brilliant reddish-brown color.
- 0 101 County Road, Xintian Township, Dongchuan District, Kunming
- Free entry



Yunnan University =

- ◆ Yunnan University was established in 1922. Ginkgo Road is perhaps the most beautiful spot on campus. The women's dormitory, designed by renowned Chinese architects Liang Sicheng and Lin Huiyin, combines Chinese and Western elements.
- 2 Cuihu North Road, Wuhua District, Kunming
- Free entry
- www.ynu.edu.cn



Yuantong Mountain

- ♦ Yuantong Mountain is covered with thousands of cherry trees that have been planted continually since the 1930s. Yunnan is close to the Himalayas, and it is said that Japanese cherry trees originated in Yunnan.
- Wuhua District, Kunming
- (\$) 15RMB (Yuantong Mountain Zoo)







The Stone Forest

- ♦ The Stone Forest is filled with large rocks eroded into amazing shapes. It is said to be the home of Ashima, a young girl of the Yi people. According to legend, Ashima was forced to marry a rich man but ran away to remain loyal to her lover. Unfortunately, she fell into the river and was turned into a stone pillar.
- Shilin Town, Shilin Yi Autonomous County, Kunming
- (\$) 130RMB
- ⑩ WeChat "石林风景名胜区管理局"



- Xiamenb
- Zhangzhou
- Zhangpu
- Yunxlao
- Zhaolan
- Reoping
- **Chaoshan**
- Shantou
- <u> Chaoyang</u>

- Shenzhen Pingshan
- **Shenzhenbei**

The Xiamen-Shenzhen High-speed Railway, which officially opened on December 28, 2013, is a crucial section of the Hangzhou-Shenzhen Railway, part of China's Eight Vertical and Eight Horizontal high-speed rail network. This dual-track rail line connects the cities of Xiamen, Shantou and Shenzhen, and also links with the Fuzhou-Xiamen, Wenzhou-Fuzhou and Hangzhou-Ningbo lines, forming a railway artery along the coast of southeast China. Travel between Shenzhen and Shanghai has been cut from nearly 19 to about 10.5 hours.



Xiamen — Shenzhen High-speed Railway (4)

© 视觉中国(深圳夜景)



Railway Station Xiamenbe

About

(iamen

Jimei, Xinglin, Haicang, Tong'an and Xiang'an. beside the Taiwan Strait and is divided into six districts: The City of Xiamen occupies Xiamen (or Amoy) and Gulangyu Is

Gulangyu Island

- ◆ Gulangyu offers a mix of Chinese and Western architecture, including ancient Greek, Roman, Baroque and Rococo styles. For example, British houses have wide corridors flanked by red brick walls in a South Fujian style.
- Xiamen South West Side, Xiamen
- (\$) 35RMB (boat ticket), 85RMB (attractions entry ticket)
- ್⊚ WeChat "鼓浪屿"



The Catholic Church

The Catholic Church in Xiamen, the city's only Gothic church, was built in 1917. It features large rose-tinted windows with pointed arches, doors, windows, towers and wall decorations.

- 34 Lujiao Road, Siming District, Xiamen
- \$\square\$ Free entry



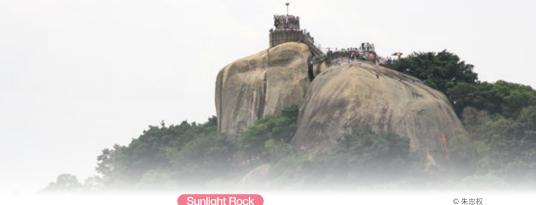
Shuzhuang Garden

Shuzhuang Garden was originally the private residence of Lin Erjia, a wealthy businessman from Taiwan. The Piano Museum in the Garden has more than 40 pianos on display, including a goldplated piano, the world's oldest quadrilateral piano and the oldest and largest upright piano in the world.



7 Gangchai Road, Gulangyu, Siming District, Xiamen





Sunlight Rock

Sunlight Rock, the highest point on Kulangsu, provides an excellent view of red-tiled roofs spreading below like a plaid patchwork blanket. At sunset, tourists climb to the top to photograph the amazing night scene.

56-64 Huangyan Road, Siming District, Xiamen

(\$) 50RMB



Bagua Building is home to the Organ Museum, the largest organ museum in the world. The building combines very different architectural styles, including ancient Chinese, Pakistani, Athenian and Roman.

43 Guxin Road, Siming District, Xiamen (Inside Gulangyu Piano Museum)

(\$) 15RMB



© 王铭伟



Snacking Street

The area along Daxue and Minzu Road is a popular snacking street, selling fish porridge, casseroles, noodles and other local foods. The famous local specialty is Wutan Sha Cha sugar noodles, which sells out before 1pm every day.

Minzu Road, Siming District, Xiamen





Zengcuo'an =

- ◆ Zengcuo'an is a folk village in Xiamen. The residents worship many religions, including Taoism, Buddhism, Christianity and Islam. Tourists can enjoy tasty local snacks including Sha Cha noodles.
- O Binhai Street, Siming District, Xiamen
- \$\square\$ Free entry
- № WeChat "曾厝垵"

Xiamen University

Niamen University was ranked among the ten most beautiful universities in China in an online poll. Between the mountains and the sea, the forested campus is filled with flowers and buildings with both ancient and modern architecture.





○ 今時條

Zhongshan Road

◆ Zhongshan Road symbolizes the Nanyang ("southern ocean") business boom created by returning overseas Chinese. They introduced the unique Hokkien style of overhanging buildings to Xiamen.

- North Section of Zhongshan Road, Siming District, Xiamen
- Free entry



© 朱建辉



Lujiang Harbourview Hotel

◆ When the Lujiang Harbourview Hotel was built half a century ago, it was the tallest building in Xiamen, also boasting the first elevator and pub. The sea view restaurant on the sixth floor is a must-see for tourists.

54 Lujiang Road, Xiamen City



82 Travel China by High-speed Railway Travel Guide

Xiamenbei > Chaoshan > Chaoyang > Puning 1 hours 28 minutes and above | 73RMB and above | About 209 km

Phoenix Mountain

◆ At 1497 metres, the main peak of Phoenix Mountain is the highest peak in eastern Guangdong Province. On the mountain are several earth buildings built in the 18th Century. Phoenix Mountain is also known as a major tea production region and the birthplace of She minority people.



© 黄焱红

- Fenghuangzhen, Raoping County, Chao'an District, Chaozhou
- Free entry

Riverside Silk Cotton Trees

♦ In Chaozhou, silk cotton (bombax ceiba) trees along the banks of the Han River are a beautiful scene and a winner of China's Human Settlements and Environment Awards. Other scenic spots including

Phoenix Tower, City Tower, the ancient city wall, Qinglong Temple and the new Jinshan Bridge.



\$ Free entry



Guangji (Xiangxi) Bridge —

- ◆ Guangji (Xiangxi) Bridge spanning the Han River is among the most famous ancient bridges in China, a unique mix of beam, pontoon and arch bridge designs. The many pavilions on the bridge are also interesting to see.
- O Hanjiang Bridge, Xianggiao District, Chaozhou
- (\$) 20RMB



Beige Buddha Lamp Scenic Area

- ◆ Beige Buddha Lamp Scenic Area in Xianggiao District, Chaozhou, faces the Han River with Jinshan Hill at its back. It is renowned for the far-reaching Buddha light at the front of the pavilion.
- Muancheng East Road, Xianggiao District, Chaozhou

Xu Consort House

♦ The Xu Consort House in Chaozhou is the thousand-year-old former dwelling of Xu Yu, the brother-in-law of Emperor Yingzong of the Northern Song Dynasty. The ancient wooden house is notable for its bamboo-plaited walls and unique S-shaped drainage system.



(\$) 10RMB







Tianhou Temple

◆ Tianhou Temple was built during the reign of Emporer Jiaqing of the Qing dynasty. The house features sculptures of Tian Hou the Heavenly Mother, Zhusheng and the Pearl Goddess. The roof with porcelain inlays and Chaoshan carved wood pillars and beams are excellent examples of architectural design from this period.

O Shengping Road intersection, Ji'an Sreet, Jinping District, Shantou

Free entry



100 high-tech entertainment options.

Longhu District, Shantou

\$\square\$ 200RMB (adult), 120RMB (children and elderly)

☼ WeChat "汕头方特蓝水星"

Fantasy World Blue Mercury:

♦ Fantasy World Blue Mercury is a trendy amusement park with a science fiction theme. It includes 9 themed zones and nearly

12 Taixing Road, Taixing Village,

Nan'ao Cycling Island Tour

◆ Nan'ao Island has a 68-kilometre ring road that's the site of annual bicycle races since 2008. The moderately hilly route is known for its beautiful sea view.

O Nan'ao Island, Nan'ao County, Shantou

(\$) Free entry

⑩ WeChat "南澳县自行车运动协会"





◆ The former residence of Chen Cihong, a renowned rice tycoon, is a complex of 506 rooms that combines elements of Chinese and Western architecture, with a level of luxury comparable to that of the

O Qianmei Village, Longdu Town, Chenghai District, Shantou

(\$) 12RMB

⑩ WeChat "陈慈黉故居"

Forbidden City.



Cunxin Shantang

◆ Cunxin Benevolent Association was the largest of five charitable organizations in Shantou during the Republican period and the largest civil charity in Chaoshan. It supplied food, clothes and medical supplies and undertook other charity activities such as transit relief and voluntary fire protection.

87 Waima Road, Jinping District, Shantou

(\$) Free entry





Puning Railway

/ Station



Puning is a well-known town for overseas Chinese, under the administration of Jieyang City. The county boasts the most beautiful villages in Guangdong, including Cukeng Village and Huangmanzhai

De'anli

◆◆ De'anli is an area of residential buildings in the Chaozhou style, a well-preserved cluster of large mansions with a long local history. This type of mansion-style ancient village is rare in China.



O Shangmaocheng 6th Road, Hongyang Town, Puning

\$ 10RMB

Guandi Temple

Guandi Temple in Jinan,
Shandong Province comprises a
large square courtyard with three
gates. It's known for its painted
carvings with religious
themes, such as the Three
Knots of Taoism.

Tianfu Road, Rongcheng District, Jieyang

\$\square\$ Free entry



© 武仲林

Cheng Huang Temple

◆ Cheng Huang Temple in Jieyang blends the architecture styles of the Ming and Qing Dynasties with local craftsmanship. It has survived dozens of earthquakes

since the Ming dynasty because of its anti-seismic design.

Chenghuang Road, Rongcheng District, Jieyang

\$\square\$ Free entry

www.gdslyw.com



◆ West Lake Park of Jieyang Rongjiang is blessed with beautiful natural scenery, with more than 20 lakes and small ponds connected in a 300 acre water network.

Wangjiang North Road, Rongcheng District, Jieyang









◆ The Huangmanzhai Waterfalls are a series of five waterfalls stretching for a kilometer along the river in Jiexi County. The main waterfall is considered to be the largest waterfall in the Lingnan area. This scenic area boasts a view of splashing water surrounded by ancient vines and oddly eroded rocks.

 Cukeng Village, Jingxiyuan Town, Jiexi County, Jieyang

(\$) 120RMB

⑩ WeChat "广东黄满寨瀑布"



Fengshan Ancestral Temple

◆ Fengshan Ancestral Temple was built by a fisherman. It's a very popular destination, attracting more than 80,000 worshippers every year.

- O Beside the Pinging Lake, City Area, Fengshan Road, Shanwei
- (\$) 15RM
- www.swfszm.com



© 刘凤群

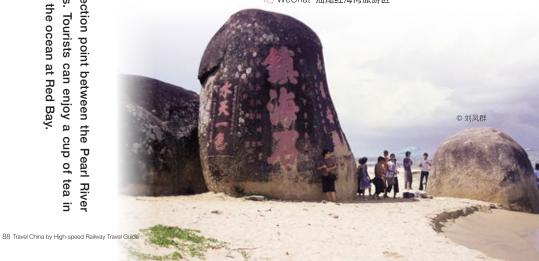


© 黄焱纟



Red Bay ____

- ◆ Red Bay enjoys white sandy beaches and many islands of different sizes. Shanwei Windmill Island is home to one of the few wind turbine farms in Guangdong Province.
- Shanwei City east of 18km
- (\$) 16RMB
- ⑩ WeChat "汕尾红海湾旅游区"



Xuanwu Mountain ——

Auanwu Mountain, located in Jieshi Town in Lufeng, Shanwei Municipality, serves as a religious hub for both Buddhism and Taoism. It is also known as a historical site in eastern Guangdong Province.

- Xuanwu Road, Jieshi Town, Lufeng, Shanwei
- \$ 25RMB, 5RMB (tower)
- ⑩ WeChat "汕尾市玄武山旅游区"





Red Confucius Temple and Red Square

- Parts of Shanwei's Haifeng Lufeng and Luhe counties make up Hailufeng. The area is the birthplace of China's first revolutionary political power, the Hailufeng Soviet. Red Confucius Temple and Red Square are two important spots to visit.
- o 13 Hong Chang Road, Haifeng County, Shanwei
- \$\ Free entry

Fangfan Pavilion

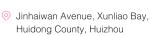
- Fangfan Pavilion north of Haifeng was built in memory of Wen Tianxiang, a national hero of the Southern Song dynasty who was captured by the enemy on Wupo Ridge. The pavilion has a double-layer pyramid roof that is octagonal.
- The north-east side intersection of 2nd Ring Road West & Yucai 1st Road, Haifeng County, Shanwei
- \$\square\$ Free entry



Huizhounan Railway Station Puning > Shanwei > Huizhounan > Shenzhenbei 25 minutes and above | 25RMB and above | About 100 km

Xunliao Bay

Xunliao Bay with its 27-kilometre coastline is one of the cleanest bays in eastern Guangdong. Known as The Maldives of China, it is suitable for diving and fishing from a yacht, motorboat or fishing boat.



(\$) 100RMB (Delta island)



About Huizhou

sail in the sea

Tourists can enjoy natural hot springs, enjoy a healthy lifestyle and

Huizhou is a city nourished by the Pearl River and the mountains.

Mount Luofu

◆ Mount Luofu is a sacred mountain in the northwest of Huizhou. It covers an area of 250 kilometres and is rich

in natural and cultural landscapes. The main, peak Feiyun Peak, is 1,296 meters above sea level, presenting a sunrise view comparable to Mount Tai.

Northwest of Boluo County, Huizhou





Xiangxi Fortress

Niangxi Fortress is the best-preserved ancient castle in South China from the Shunzhi period. Outside the castle are several ancient buildings. Tourists enjoy riding down the river on rafts made of bamboo.

Shajing Town, Longmen County, Huizhou

(\$) 80RMB

Nankun National Forest Park

Nankun National Forest Park is a key protected national forest. Tourists can enjoy canyon rafting, waterfalls, hot springs, unusual rock formations and other relaxing sites.

355 Provincial Road, Longmen County, Huizhou

\$ 30RMB

○ WeChat "南昆山"



Lantian Yao Style Garden =

◆ Lantian Township is home to 45 villages communities populated by Yao, the only minority ethnic group in the Pearl River Delta. They have inhabited the region for thousands of years Longmen Lantian Scenic Area of Yao People offers activities such as river rafting, mountain all-terrain vehicle rides, a

botanical garden and a barbecue park.

 Lantian Yao Township, Longmen County, Huizhou

(\$) 78RMB

⑩ WeChat "龙门蓝田瑶族风情园"



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Xiamen-Shenzhen Line 91



Railway henzhe T

About henzhen along with Beijing, Shanghai and Guangzhou Chinese Central Government. Shenzhen was the first Special It's one Economic Zone designated by the of China's largest cities,

Puning > Shanwei > Huizhounan > Shenzhenbei 30 minutes and above | 20RMB and above | About 56 km

KK100

♦ KK100 (formerly Kingkey100) is a 100-storey skyscraper in Shenzhen. The mixed-use building includes office space and a business hotel, with a garden and restaurants on the top 4 floors. Adjacent is KK Mall, with luxury brand stores, restaurants, a supermarket and Shenzhen's first IMAX cinema.

- 5016, Shennan East Road, Cai Wu Wei, Luohu District, Shenzhen
- (\$) Free entry
- ☼ WeChat "京基100"



Sea World Shenzhen

◆ The centerpiece of Sea World Shenzhen is the Minghua, a former French liner later converted into a cruise ship, and now a hotel and shopping mall. Surrounding it are several hotels and restaurants. Tourists can enjoy a nightly water fountain show.

- 1128, Wanghai Road, Shekou, Nanshan District, Shenzhen
- Free entry
- ⑩ WeChat "海上世界"

Dafen Oil Painting Village

◆ Dafen Oil Painting Village, reputedly the "greatest oil painting village in China" sells oil paintings, ink drawings, ceramic artwork and art supplies. The shop itself is on the ground floor, while the second floor is the art studio.

- O Dafen Village, Buji Road, Longgang District, Shenzhen
- \$\square\$ Free entry
- WeChat "大芬油画村"



Overseas Chinese Town East (OCT East)

◆◆ OCT East is a major entertainment and resort complex in Yantian, Shenzhen Province, covering 9 square kilometers. It's divided into three theme parks (Knight Valley, Tea Stream Resort Valley and Wind Valley), and also includes 8 resort hotels, a golf course and a Buddhist temple.

- O Dameisha, Yantian District, Shenzhen
- (\$) 200RMB (Knight Valley), 180RMB (Tea Stream) Resort Valley)
- WeChat "东部华侨城"



Jinxiu Chinese Folk Village

◆ Jinxiu Chinese Folk Village replicates 82 famous Chinese landmarks at a scale of 1:15. Including The Great Wall, the Xian Terra Cotta Warriors and an ancient star observatory.

9003 Shennan Avenue, Nanshan District, Shenzhen

(\$) 220RMB

www.jxzhmsc.cn

Xiaomeisha, Dameisha Beach

people to enjoy ocean swimming, sunbathing boating, surfing, hang gliding and bungee jumping. To the west of Xiaomeisha, Dameisha Beach is less developed.

- Xiaomeisha located at Dapeng Bay, Shenzhen City East. Dameisha located between Yantian District & Xiaomeishan
- (\$) Free entry (Dameisha), 50RMB (Xiaomeisha)
- ☼ WeChat "畅游盐田"



© 陈一年

Xiamen-Shenzhen Line 93



Dongmen Commercial Street

- Dongmen Commercial Street is the oldest such street in Shenzhen, attracting on average more than 300,000 visitors per day. In addition to shopping, tourists can enjoy such delicious snacks as octopus balls, hot and sour rice noodles and teppanyaki.
- O Luohu District, Shenzhen
- \$ Free entry



© 黄焱红



Window of the World

- Window of the World is a theme park in western Shenzhen. It is divided into multiple zones based on world geography: World Plaza, Asia, Oceania, Europe, Africa, America and World Sculpture Park, demonstrating the essence of human civilization over the past thousands of years. It contains over 130 reproductions of the world's most famous attractions, squeezed into 118 acres.
 - 9037 Shennan Road, Overseas Chinese Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen
 - (\$) 220RMB
 - www.szwwco.com

Shenzhen Bay Sport Center =

- ◆ Shenzhen Bay Sport Center is a huge white steel grid structure and is nicknamed as "spring silkworm" due to its cocoon-like shape. It was the main venue of the 26th Summer Universiade in 2011.
- 3001 Binhai Avenue, Nanshan District, Shenzhen
- \$\\ 40RMB (swimming), 10RMB (basketball)
- ⑩ WeChat "华润深圳湾体育中心"



Shenzhen Happy Valley =

Shenzhen Happy Valley is a theme park with 9 zones and more than 100 entertainment options for people of all ages, including some that have been introduced from Europe and America.

- Qiaocheng West Street, Overseas Chinese Town, Nanshan District, Shenzhen
- [™] WeChat "深圳欢乐谷"



The Red Cube

- ◆ The Red Cube of Shenzhen comprises three large red buildings and four zones - Science and Technology Museum, Youth Palace and Public Art Gallery and Book City - as well as the underground business street.
- 8028 Longxiang Avenue, Longgang District, Shenzhen
- Free entry







Travel China by High-speed Railway



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Hefei-Fuzhou High-speed Railway

Starting at Hefei in the north to Fuzhou in the south, this journey visits the provinces of Anhui, Jiangxi and Fujian. You can enjoy Anhuistyle stinky mandarin fish for breakfast, and fish balls in the Three Lanes and Seven Alleys of Fuzhou at noon.



Lanzhou-Xinjiang High-speed Railway

Stretching from Lanzhou, Gansu Province in the east to Urumqi, Xinjiang in the west, this high-speed railway line is built along the ancient Silk Road, presenting a magnificent tapestry of rivers, grassland and desert.



Shanghai-Kunming High-speed Railway

Connecting Shanghai in the east with Kunming in the west and the provinces of Zhejiang, Guizhou and Yunnan in between, this east-west rail line serves the most provinces in China. It makes it possible to travel between bustling Shanghai and ancient Yunnan villages in one day.



Xiamen-Shenzhen High-speed Railway

Departing from Xiamen North Railway Station and arriving at Shenzhen via Zhangzhou and Chaozhou, this route lets you experience three different lifestyles of Southern Fujian, Chaoshan and the Pearl River Delta, all in one day.



Travel China by High-speed Railway Travel Guide E-Version



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